



Red Rhapsody Amur Maple Acer ginnala 'Mondy'

Height: 20 feet Spread: 25 feet

Sunlight: O

Hardiness Zone: 2a

Description:

A newer selection of this small ornamental tree with reliable red fall color that will take your breath away, a dense upright branching habit and colorful red seeds in late summer; ideal for small home landscapes

Ornamental Features

Red Rhapsody Amur Maple is primarily grown for its highly ornamental fruit. It features abundant showy red samaras in late summer. It has dark green deciduous foliage. The lobed leaves turn outstanding shades of orange, red and dark red in the fall.

Landscape Attributes

Red Rhapsody Amur Maple is a multi-stemmed deciduous tree with a more or less rounded form. Its relatively fine texture sets it apart from other landscape plants with less refined foliage.



Red Rhapsody Amur Maple in fall Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder



Red Rhapsody Amur Maple Photo courtesy of NetPS Plant Finder

This is a relatively low maintenance tree, and should only be pruned in summer after the leaves have fully developed, as it may 'bleed' sap if pruned in late winter or early spring. It has no significant negative characteristics.

Red Rhapsody Amur Maple is recommended for the following landscape applications;

- Accent
- Mass Planting
- Hedges/Screening



Planting & Growing

Red Rhapsody Amur Maple will grow to be about 20 feet tall at maturity, with a spread of 25 feet. It has a low canopy with a typical clearance of 4 feet from the ground, and is suitable for planting under power lines. It grows at a medium rate, and under ideal conditions can be expected to live for 60 years or more.

This tree does best in full sun to partial shade. It is very adaptable to both dry and moist locations, and should do just fine under average home landscape conditions. It is not particular as to soil type or pH. It is highly tolerant of urban pollution and will even thrive in inner city environments. This is a selected variety of a species not originally from North America.